



SUPERBOOST[®]

skin expert



Skin Lifting cocktails



SUPER[®]
BOOST
SKIN EXPERT

Rejuvena



PDRN - PRO Cocktail

PDRN-PRO cocktail

INCI: Aqua, Sodium Chloride, Sodium DNA, Troxerutin, Sodium Hyalurate.

MAIN INGREDIENTS

Sodium DNA - PDRN

The main actions of the ingredient Sodium DNA / PDRN (Polydeoxyribonucleotide) are: stimulating cell repair, reducing inflammation, activating collagen production and supporting tissue regeneration

Biologically, it mainly works through the adenosine A2A receptor in skin cells. When PDRN activates this receptor, it triggers a cascade of skin-repair processes.

Specifically, it may:

- stimulate fibroblasts → increasing collagen and elastin production
- reduce inflammatory signals → helping calm redness and irritation
- improve microcirculation → enhancing oxygen and nutrient delivery
- provide DNA building blocks → supporting skin repair through the "salvage pathway"

As a result, it is commonly used for:

- anti-aging treatments
- skin barrier repair
- post-laser or post-microneedling recovery
- dry or irritated skin
- wound healing and acne scars

- ● ● 
- ● ● PDRN
- ● ● PRO
- ● ● cocktail



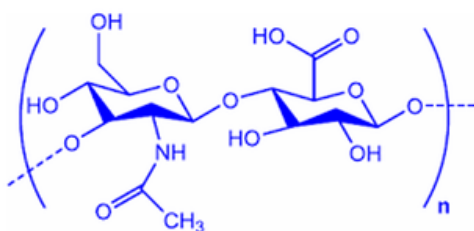
PDRN - PRO Cocktail

PDRN-PRO cocktail

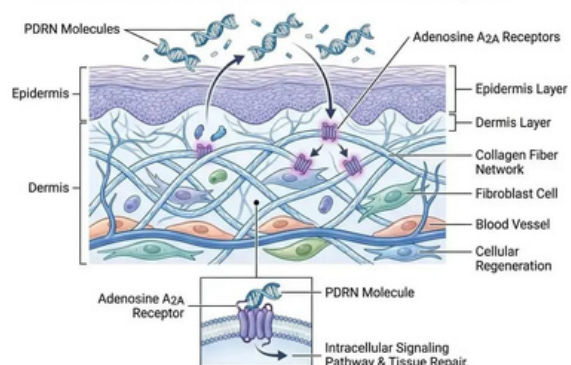
Sodium Hyaluronate

Moisturizer (it forms a viscoelastic layer thanks to its high capacity to retain water). Restructures the biological matrix of the skin. It stimulates the antimicrobial activity of beta defensins 2 even against gram negative bacteria. By inhibiting gram negative limits one of the important factors responsible for the development of acne. It improves significantly the healing of the skin. Among its mechanisms of action in healing, it interacts with fibrinogen, accelerating the process of fibrin clot formation induced by thrombin. It regulates the proliferation and migration of keratinocytes of fibroblasts, thus attenuating the roughness of the newly formed epidermis.

Sodium Hyaluronate



PDRN (Polydeoxyribonucleotide) Mechanism of Action in Skin Repair





Oil Regulating cocktail



Oil Regulating Cocktail

INCI: Aqua, Alcohol, Tranexamic Acid, PEG-35 Castor Oil, Niacinamide, Salicylic Acid, Melaleuca Alternifolia Leaf Oil, Retinyl Palmitate, Pyridoxine HCl, Tocopherol.

MAIN INGREDIENTS

Azelaic Acid

Due to its antibacterial and keratolytic action, it is used in the treatment of mild to moderate papulo-pustular or comedogenic acne. It inhibits the production of reactive oxygen species and can competitively inhibit the function of 5- α -reductase, thereby inhibiting the conversion of excessive androgens to dihydrotestosterone and the excessive secretion of free fatty acids in the sebaceous glands. It also has anti-inflammatory properties. It is active against *Propionibacterium acnes*, it alters the process of proliferation and differentiation of keratinocytes. It also inhibits tyrosinase, reducing melanin synthesis, which is why it can be used to treat skin blemishes.

Niacinamide

Niacinamide is a form of vitamin B3 and offers potent anti-inflammatory properties without risk of bacterial resistance, making it useful in the treatment of acne vulgaris. Niacinamide has antipruritic, antimicrobial, photoprotective, sebum-regulating and whitening properties. It strengthens the skin barrier, stimulates cell renewal, improves blood circulation and regulates hydration. It is able to reduce wrinkles and pigmentation spots.

Salicylic Acid

It is a beta-hydroxy acid with bacteriostatic and fungicidal properties, helping to prevent the proliferation of bacteria on the skin. In addition, thanks to its keratolytic function, it helps to eliminate the outer layer of the stratum corneum, contributing to the process of cell renewal and regeneration. By eliminating the most superficial layer, it also contributes to the elimination of various imperfections such as blemishes, lesions, scars and wrinkles, providing a more even tone and smoother skin. It is used in the treatment of acne. It also has bacteriostatic and fungicidal properties.



Oil Regulating cocktail



Oil Regulating Cocktail

Vitamin A (Retinyl Palmitate)

Vitamin A acts as an exfoliant, stimulating cell regeneration and collagen production. It causes tyrosinase inhibitions and dispersion of epidermal melanin. Retinoids may interfere with pigment transfer to keratinocytes, accelerating pigment loss and causing the epidermis to slough rapidly. Long-term use of retinoids leads to increased compacting of the stratum corneum and a decrease in melanin content. It also reduces pore size, reduces blemishes and redness and moisturises the skin.

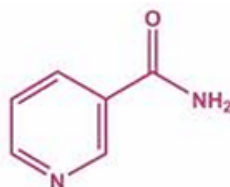
Melaleuca

Tea tree oil is considered a universal remedy against acne because of its antifungal and antibacterial properties. It is its composition of terpenes, hydrocarbons, monoterpenes, sesquiterpenes and their alcoholic associates that give it these properties. It is also used in skin care for the treatment of sores, blisters, blemishes, rashes, warts and/or burns. Its effectiveness can be enhanced by combining it with products with keratolytic properties, such as salicylic acid.

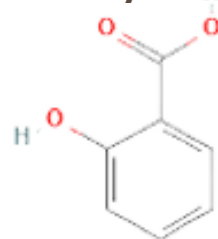
Azelaic Acid



Niacinamide



Salicylic Acid



Vitamin A (Retinyl Palmitate)



Melaleuca



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 • • • Skin
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Skin Lifting Cocktail

INCI: Aqua, Panthenol, Methylsilanol Mannuronate, Dimethylaminoethanol Tartrate, Sodium Hydroxide, Citric Acid, Phenoxyethanol, Ethylhexylglycerin.

MAIN INGREDIENTS

Organic Silicon

Structural element of connective tissue that is part of macromolecules such as elastin, collagen, proteoglycans and glycoproteins, preventing their destructuring. It acts as a metabolic protector. It favours the stimulation of fibroblasts.

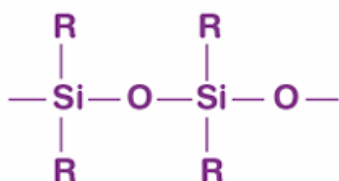
Panthenol

It has many reported skin benefits. Among those are hydration and the associated improvement in roughness, scaling, and epidermal elasticity; protection against skin irritation and SLS-induced damage; skin soothing; and anti-inflammatory and antipruritic effects. It also acts increasing skin lipid synthesis, that would make an improved barrier, resulting in improved wound healing.

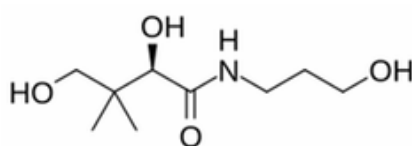
DMAE

It is the precursor of acetylcholine, and its functions increase contractility and cell adhesion in the epidermis and dermis, resulting in the appearance of firmer skin.

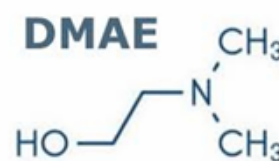
Organic Silicon



Panthenol



DMAE





Skin Hyaluronic Cocktail

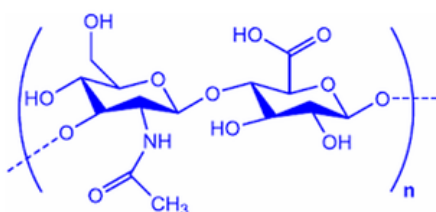
INCI: Aqua, Propylene Glycol, Sodium Hyaluronate.

MAIN INGREDIENTS

Hyaluronic Acid

Moisturizer (it forms a viscoelastic layer thanks to its high capacity to retain water). Restructures the biological matrix of the skin. It stimulates the antimicrobial activity of beta defensins 2 even against gram negative bacteria. By inhibiting gram negative limits one of the important factors responsible for the development of acne. It improves significantly the healing of the skin. Among its mechanisms of action in healing, it interacts with fibrinogen, accelerating the process of fibrin clot formation induced by thrombin. It regulates the proliferation and migration of keratinocytes of fibroblasts, thus attenuating the roughness of the newly formed epidermis.

Hyaluronic Acid





Skin Rejuvenating Cocktail

INCI: Aqua, Dimethyl MEA, Sodium hyaluronate, Glycerin, Cyanocobalamin, Disodium EDTA, Glycine Soja Oil, Sodium Oleate, Hydrogenated Lecithin, Caprylyl Glycol, Copper peptide (Copper Tripeptide-1), Decapeptide-4, Acetyl Hexapeptide-8, Oligopeptide-24, Sodium chloride, Glucose, Potassium chloride, Calcium chloride, Sh-oligopeptide-2, Glutamine, Sodium phosphate, Magnesium sulfate, Ascorbic acid, Lysine HCl, Alanine, Arginine HCl, Sodium acetate, Histidine HCl, Valine, Disodium tyrosine, Leucine, Sodium phenolsulfonphthalein, Sodium glutathione, Threonine, Isoleucine, Tryptophan, Phenylalanine, Cystine dihydrochloride, Glycine, Polysorbate 80, Serine, 2'-Deoxycytidine HCl, 2'-Deoxyguanosine HCl, 2'-Deoxyadenosine, Thymidine, Aspartic acid, Ornithine HCl, Asparagine, Glutamic acid, Nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide, Proline, Aminobutyric acid, Methionine, Taurine, Hydroxyproline, Glucosamine HCl, Sodium coenzyme A, Glucuronolactone, Sodium glucuronate, Thiamine diphosphate, Disodium FAD, Sodium uridine, triphosphate, Sodium triphosphopyridine nucleotide, Retinyl acetate, Inositol, 5'-Methylcytosine HCl, Niacinamide, Niacin, Pyridoxal HCl, Pyridoxine HCl, Menadione sodium metabisulphite, Folic acid, Sodium tocopheryl phosphate, Riboflavin, Calcium pantothenate, Thiamine HCl, Benzyl Alcohol, Biotin, Phenoxyethanol.

MAIN INGREDIENTS

Hyaluronic Acid

Moisturizer (it forms a viscoelastic layer thanks to its high capacity to retain water). Restructures the biological matrix of the skin. It stimulates the antimicrobial activity of beta defensins 2 even against gram negative bacteria. By inhibiting gram negative limits one of the important factors responsible for the development of acne. It improves significantly the healing of the skin. Among its mechanisms of action in healing, it interacts with fibrinogen, accelerating the process of fibrin clot formation induced by thrombin. It regulates the proliferation and migration of keratinocytes of fibroblasts, thus attenuating the roughness of the newly formed epidermis.



Rejuvenating cocktail



Skin Rejuvenating Cocktail

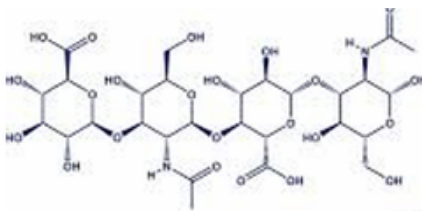
Aminoacids

These are the building blocks of proteins and play a crucial role in skin repair and hydration. Amino acids help maintain skin hydration, promote healing, and protect the skin from environmental damage. They support the production of collagen and elastin, keeping the skin firm and smooth.

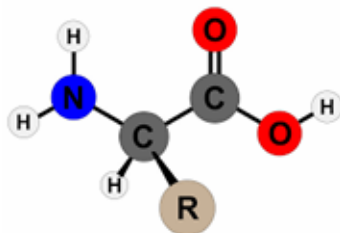
Mineral Salts

Support skin function by enhancing the skin's barrier, promoting healing, and regulating oil production. They also help to soothe and balance the skin, making it more resilient to external stressors.

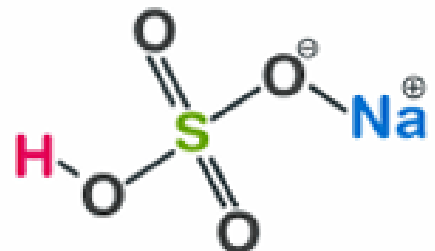
Hyaluronic Acid



Aminoacids



Mineral Salts





Rejuve- nating cocktail



Skin Rejuvenating Cocktail

Peptides

Peptides act as building blocks for essential proteins like collagen and elastin. They help improve skin texture by stimulating collagen production, which reduces the appearance of wrinkles and fine lines. Peptides also play a role in skin healing, firming, and improving the skin barrier function.

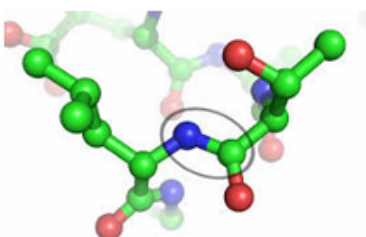
Vitamins

Vitamins are essential nutrients that support various skin functions. Vitamin C boosts collagen production, brightens the complexion, and reduces hyperpigmentation. Vitamin E provides antioxidant protection, neutralizing free radicals and preventing premature aging. Vitamin B3 strengthens the skin barrier and improves uneven skin tone and texture.

Coenzymes

Coenzymes are antioxidants that protect the skin from oxidative damage caused by free radicals. They also assist in cellular energy production, which is vital for skin repair and regeneration. This helps to improve overall skin vitality and reduces signs of aging.

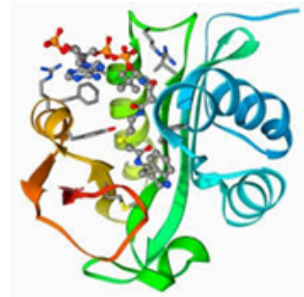
Peptides



Vitamins



Coenzymes





Skin Brightening Cocktail

INCI: Aqua, Ascorbic Acid, Niacinamide, Azelaic Acid, Tranexamic Acid, Sodium Hydroxide, Sodium Metabisulfite.

MAIN INGREDIENTS

Ascorbic Acid

It is a powerful antioxidant that protects the skin from environmental damage. Reduces the appearance of age spots and promotes brighter, more radiant skin. Broad-spectrum biological photoprotector, neutralising free radicals and promoting the formation and repair of damaged dermal collagen. It can effectively improve the skin's antioxidant capacity and resist skin ageing. After the application of vitamin C, a concentration gradient is produced from the stratum corneum to the dermis, which acts as a reservoir for the substance. This results in high levels of the acid in the skin, which interferes with melanin production by interacting with the active site of tyrosinase, achieving a whitening effect.

Niacinamide

Niacinamide is a form of vitamin B3 and offers potent anti-inflammatory properties without risk of bacterial resistance, making it useful in the treatment of acne vulgaris. Niacinamide has antipruritic, antimicrobial, photoprotective, sebum-regulating and whitening properties. It strengthens the skin barrier, stimulates cell renewal, improves blood circulation and regulates hydration. It is able to reduce wrinkles and pigmentation spots.



Skin Brightening Cocktail

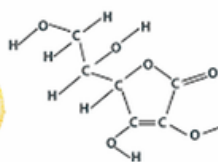
Azelaic Acid

Due to its antibacterial and keratolytic action, it is used in the treatment of mild to moderate papulo-pustular or comedogenic acne. It inhibits the production of reactive oxygen species and can competitively inhibit the function of 5- α -reductase, thereby inhibiting the conversion of excessive androgens to dihydrotestosterone and the excessive secretion of free fatty acids in the sebaceous glands. It also has anti-inflammatory properties. It is active against *Propionibacterium acnes*, it alters the process of proliferation and differentiation of keratinocytes. It also inhibits tyrosinase, reducing melanin synthesis, which is why it can be used to treat skin blemishes.

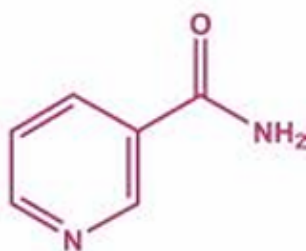
Trenaxamic Acid

Tranexamic acid prevents melanin synthesis by inhibiting the action of tyrosinase. In addition, it also inhibits the synthesis of interleukins and prostaglandins, giving it a potent anti inflammatory effect. It is a highly safe, mild and non-irritant acid.

Ascorbic Acid



Niacinamide



Azelaic Acid



Trenaxamic Acid

